

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: X	Department: Social Science	Sub: GEOGRAPHY
Chapter-2 Work Sheet:6	Topic: FOREST AND WILD LIFE RESOURCES	Year: 2023-24

Α	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS
1	Which one of the following is located in West Bengal?
	(a) Corbett National Park
	(b) Sundarbans National Park
	(c) Sariska Wildlife Sanctuary
	(d) Bandipur National Park
2	In which year, the Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act was implemented?
	(a) 1970
	(b) 1971
	(c) 1974
	(d) 1972
3	In which one of the following states is Periyar Tiger Reserves Located?
	(a) Rajasthan
	(b) Kerala
	(c) Uttaranchal
	(d) Assam
4	What was the aim of Chipko movement?
	(a) Human rights
	(b) Political rights
	(c) Agricultural expansion
	(d) Forest conservation
5	Which of the following trees are considered sacred?
	(a) Peepal
	(b) Banyan
	(c) Mango
	(d) All of the above
6	The Buxa Tiger Reserve is seriously threatened by:
	(a) Iron ore mining
	(b) Oil exploration
	(c) Dolomite mining
	(d) Volcanic eruption
7	The Mundas and the Santhal tribes of which region worship mahua and kadamba trees?
	(a) Odisha
	(b) Meghalaya
	(c) Chota Nagpur
	(d) Nagaland

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8	Which of the following states has passed the first resolution for Joint Forest Management?
	(a) Kerala
	(b) Odisha (c) Rajasthan
	(d) Bihar
9	During which occasion the tribals of Odisha and Bihar worship the tamarind (Tamarindus indica)
3	and mango (Mangifera indica) trees?
	(a) Birthdays
	(b) New year
	(c) Harvest season
	(d) Weddings
10	What category of forests are classified as Unclassed Forests?
	(a) Forests belonging to both government and private individuals and communities
	(b) Forests and wastelands belonging to government
	(c) Forests and wastelands belonging to both government and private individuals and
	communities (d) Westelands belonging to private individuals and communities
В	(d) Wastelands belonging to private individuals and communities Assertion/Reason Questions:
В	There are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the
	codes provided below:
1	Assertion: Almost one-third of the total forest area is protected forest, as declared by the Forest
	Department.
	Reason: This forest lands are protected from any further depletion.
	A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of
	assertion.
	B. Both assertion and reason are true, but reason is not the correct explanation of
	assertion.
	C. Assertion is true but Reason is false.
	D. Assertion is false and reason is true.
2	Assertion: In some areas of India, local communities are struggling to conserve their habitats
	along with government officials.
	Reason: Conservation strategies are not yet started in our country.
	A. Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
	B. Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of
	assertion.
	C. Assertion is true but reason is false.
	D. Assertion is false and reason is true.
3	Assertion: We need to conserve our forests and wildlife.
	Reason: Rapid decline in wildlife population and forestry has been observed.
	A. Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
	B. Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of
	assertion.
	C. Assertion is true but reason is false.
	D. Assertion is false and reason is true.

C Read the extract and answer the questions that follows:

Conservation in the background of rapid decline in wildlife population and forestry has become essential. But why do we need to conserve our forests and wildlife? Conservation preserves the ecological diversity and our life support systems — water, air and soil. It also preserves the genetic diversity of plants and animals for better growth of species and breeding.

The conservation projects are now focusing on biodiversity rather than on a few of its components. There is now a more intensive search for different conservation measures. Increasingly, even insects are beginning to find a place in conservation planning. In the notification under Wildlife Act of 1980 and 1986, several hundred butterflies, moths, beetles, and one dragonfly have been added to the list of protected species. In 1991, for the first-time plants were also added to the list, starting with six species.

i) In which year, the Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act was implemented?

The Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act was implemented in 1972

ii) What is meant by "Biodiversity or Biological Diversity"

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Biodiversity or Biological Diversity is immensely rich in wildlife and cultivated species, diverse in form and function but closely integrated in a system through multiple network of interdependencies.

iii) Write the importance of the conservation of biodiversity at community level.

Forests are also home to some of the traditional communities. In some areas of India, local communities are struggling to conserve these habitats along with government officials, recognising that only this will secure their own long-term livelihood. The famous Chipko Movement in the Himalayas has successfully resisted deforestation and has also shown that community afforestation with indigenous species can be a great success.

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